MWSH Boone Road Master Plan

Traffic Impact Analysis Salem, Oregon

Date:

February 1, 2022

Prepared by: Tegan Enloe, PE





Enloe Consulting, LLC Version: 2.0

CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY

MWSH Boone Road Property, LLC, is proposing to build a master planned area with a combination of housing, storage, and light industrial business park uses located adjacent to 36th Ave SE in Salem, Oregon. The development would be built in two phases described as follows:

Phase 2 (this submittal):

- 210 units of Multi-Family Mid-Rise (ITE Code 210)
- 62 units of Multi-Family Low-Rise (ITE Code 220)
- 75,000 SQFT of Business Park (ITE Code 770)
- 115,000 SQFT of Industrial Park (ITE Code 130)
- 60,000 SQFT of Mini Warehouse (ITE Code 151)

Phase 3 (future work):

- To be determined amount of Senior Adult Housing Attached (ITE Code 252)
- To be determined amount of General Light Industrial (ITE Code 110)

These will be added to the previously approved Phase 1 work of 210 units of Multi-Family Mid-Rise approved by the City under CU-SPR-ADJ-DAP-DR21-02.

The purpose of this Transportation Impact Analysis (TIA) is to evaluate possible system impacts from the proposed development and, where necessary, recommend mitigation measures on the nearby transportation network. The impact analysis is focused on intersections identified as being in the study area based on City standards and shown in **Figure 1**. These intersections include:

- 1 I-5 SB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd
- 2 I-5 NB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd
- 3 Kuebler Blvd/ 36th Ave SE
- 4 32nd Ave SE/ Boone Rd SE (future connection)
- 5 36th Ave SE/ Boone Rd SE
- 6 32nd Ave SE/ Street "A" (future connection)
- 7 32nd Ave SE/ 36th Ave SE (future connection)
- 8 36th Ave SE/Kashmir Way SE

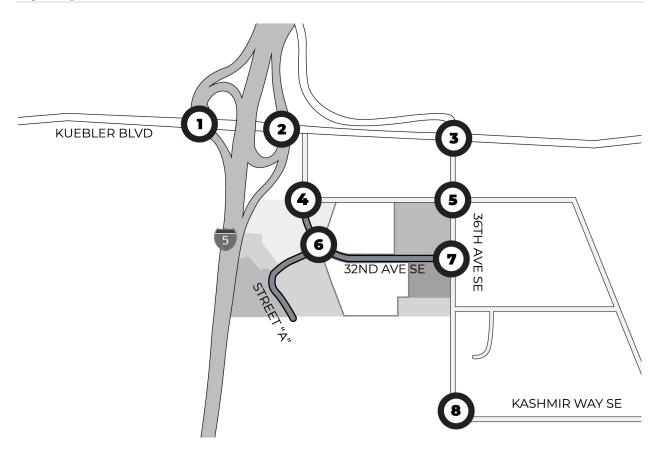


Figure 1: Study Area

Appendix A provides the site plan of the proposed development. **Table 1** lists important characteristics of the study area and proposed project.

Table 1: Key Study Area and Proposed Development Characteristics

Characteristics	Information		
Study Area			
Number of Study Intersections	Eight		
Analysis Period	Weekday A.M and P.M. Peak Hours		
Analysis Scenarios	2021 Existing Conditions, AM Peak Hour 2021 Existing Conditions, PM Peak Hour 2025 Background Traffic, AM Peak Hour 2025 Background Traffic, PM Peak Hour 2025 Total Traffic (Background + Site), AM Peak Hour 2025 Total Traffic (Background + Site), PM Peak Hour		
Project Site			
Existing Land Use	Vacant		
Proposed Development	210 units of Multi-Family Mid-Rise 62 units of Multi-Family Low-Rise 75,000 SQFT of Business Park 115,000 SQFT of Industrial Park 60,000 SQFT of Mini Warehouse		
Project Access	The development will have access via:		
	a new public street, currently referred to as Street "A",		
	an extension of 32 nd Ave SE,		
	a driveway creating a fourth leg at the intersection of 36 th Ave SE/ Kashmir Way SE, and		
	driveways on Boone Rd SE		

Existing Conditions and Intersection Operations

Transportation operations for the existing roadway network are evaluated to establish a baseline of performance. The following intersections were identified for existing conditions evaluation:

- 1 I-5 SB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd
- 2 I-5 NB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd
- 3 Kuebler Blvd/ 36th Ave SE
- 5 36th Ave SE/ Boone Rd SE
- 8 36th Ave SE/Kashmir Way SE

Table 2 shows the existing intersection operations at the study intersections.

Table 2: 2021 Existing Traffic at Study Intersection Operations

No.	Intersection	Traffic Control	Operating Standard	AM Peak Hour	P.M. Peak Hour
1	I-5 SB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd	Signalized	V/C 0.85	V/C 0.89	V/C 0.95
2	I-5 NB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd	Signalized	V/C 0.85	V/C 0.96	V/C 0.71
3	Kuebler Blvd/ 36 th Ave SE	Signalized	LOS E, V/C 0.90	LOS F, V/C 1.14	LOS F, V/C 1.01
5	36 th Ave SE/ Boone Rd SE	Unsignalized (Two way stop)	LOS E	LOS B (EBL)	LOS C (EBL)
8	36 th Ave SE/Kashmir Way SE	Unsignalized (Two way stop)	LOS E	LOS A (WBL)	LOS A (WBL)

V/C = Volume-to-Capacity Ratio of Worst Movement

LOS = Level of Service of Worst Movement

Project Traffic Impact

Construction of the proposed planned development is expected to begin in 2023 and be completed in 2025. To determine whether the proposed project will result in off-site traffic impacts, future traffic volumes were estimated. **Tables 3 and 4** provide the intersection operations for the future scenarios with and without project traffic.

Table 3: 2025 Background Intersection Operations (Without Project)

No.	Intersection	Traffic Control	Operating Standard	AM Peak Hour	P.M. Peak Hour
1	I-5 SB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd	Signalized	V/C 0.85	V/C 0.95	V/C 1.17
2	I-5 NB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd	Signalized	V/C 0.85	V/C 1.01	V/C 0.88
3	Kuebler Blvd/ 36 th Ave SE	Signalized	LOS E, V/C 0.90	LOS F, V/C 1.23	LOS F, V/C 1.10
4	32 nd Ave SE/ Boone Rd SE	Unsignalized (Two way stop)	LOS E	LOS A (WBL)	LOS A (WBL)
5	36 th Ave SE/ Boone Rd SE	Unsignalized (Two way stop)	LOS E	LOS B (EBL)	LOS C (EBL)
8	36 th Ave SE/Kashmir Way SE	Unsignalized (Two way stop)	LOS E	LOS A (WBL)	LOS A (WBL)

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Traffic Operating No. Intersection **AM Peak Hour** P.M. Peak Hour Control **Standard** I-5 SB Ramps/ Signalized V/C 0.85 V/C 0.97 V/C 1.18 Kuebler Blvd 2 I-5 NB Ramps/ Signalized V/C 0.85 V/C 1.05 V/C 0.88 Kuebler Blvd 3 Kuebler Blvd/ 36th Signalized LOS E, V/C 0.90 LOS F, V/C 1.32 LOS F, V/C 1.13 Ave SE 4 32nd Ave SE/ Boone Unsignalized LOS E LOS A (WBL) LOS A (WBL) (Two way stop) Rd SE 5 36th Ave SE/ Boone Unsignalized LOS E LOS C (EBL) LOS D (EBL) (Two way stop) Rd SE 6 32nd Ave SE/ Street Unsignalized LOS E LOS A (EBL) LOS A (EBL) "A" (Two way stop) 7 32nd Ave SE/ 36th Unsignalized LOS E LOS B (EBL) LOS B (EBL) (Two way stop) Ave SE 8 36th Ave SE/Kashmir Unsignalized LOS A (WBL) LOS E LOS A (WBL) Way SE (Two way stop)

Table 4: 2025 Total Intersection Operations (With Project)

V/C = Volume-to-Capacity Ratio of Worst Movement

LOS = Level of Service of Worst Movement

Locations exceeding mobility standards are shown with bold/italicized

Key Findings

Key findings associated with the proposed development include the following items:

- The proposed development would generate 261 (158 in, 103 out) AM peak hour trips and 299 (125 in, 174 out) PM peak hour vehicle trips.
- All study intersections are expected to operate within mobility standards with the addition of the proposed site for the 2025 opening year, with the exceptions of:
 - I-5 SB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd
 - o I-5 NB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd
 - Kuebler Blvd/ 36th Ave SE

These intersections fail to meet mobility standards under existing and background conditions as well as with build out of the proposed development.

All study intersections will function within their available turn lane storage for the planned opening year with the proposed development, except for the intersection of Kuebler Blvd/ 36th Ave SE. At this location, the following movements exceed available storage: NBL, SBL, SBR, EBL, EBR, WBL. It is important to note that these movements fail in both the background (without the development) and total (with development) conditions, and that there is relatively minor changes in the length of queues between the background conditions and with the development.

CHAPTER 2: EXISTING CONDITIONS

This chapter provides documentation of existing study area conditions, including the project site, study area roadway network, and existing traffic volumes and operations.

Project Site

MWSH Boone Road Property, LLC, is proposing to build a master planned area with a combination of housing, storage, and light industrial business park uses located adjacent to 36th Ave SE in Salem, Oregon. The development would be built in two phases described as follows:

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Phase 3 (future work):

- To be determined amount of Senior Adult Housing Attached (ITE Code 252)
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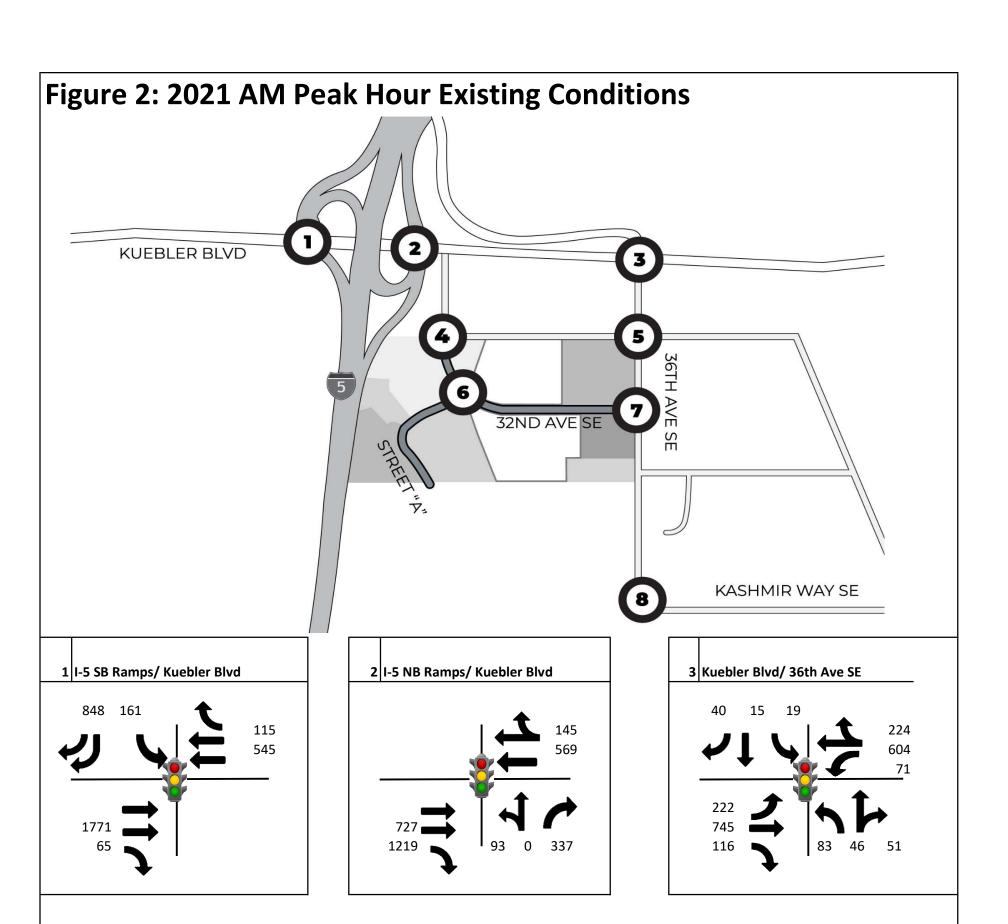
These will be added to the previously approved Phase 1 which includes 210 units of Multi-Family Mid-Rise approved by the City under CU-SPR-ADJ-DAP-DR21-02.

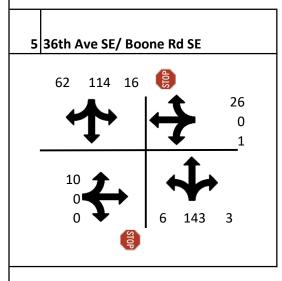
Existing Traffic Volumes and Operations

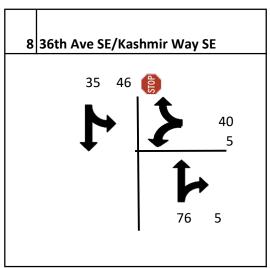
Existing AM and PM peak hour traffic operations were analyzed at the following study intersections:

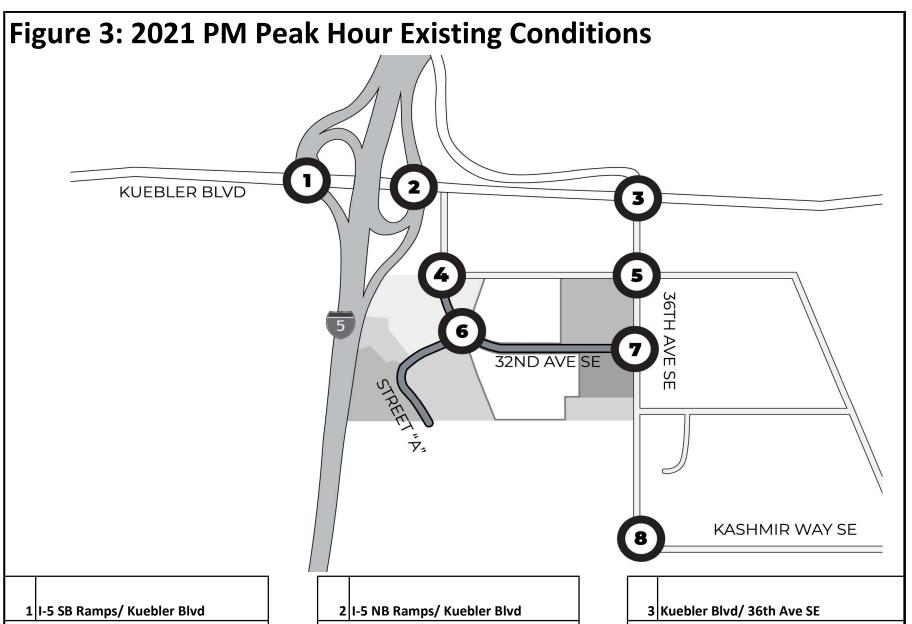
- 1 I-5 SB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd
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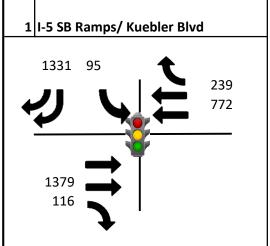
Traffic counts used for this study were collected on November 19 and 20, 2019. These are used instead of more current counts because the study area overlaps with current construction on Kuebler Blvd, making data collection problematic. In addition, these counts also have the benefit of being collected prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, which caused a period of unusual traffic patterns. Volumes for the intersection of 36th Ave SE/Kashmir Way SE are based on counts collected on November 9, 2021. The peak hour traffic volumes analyzed under existing conditions are shown in **Figure 2 and Figure 3**, with the detailed traffic counts included in **Appendix B**.

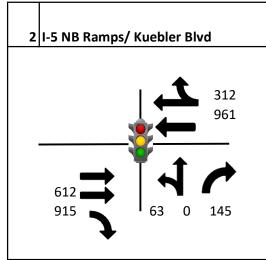


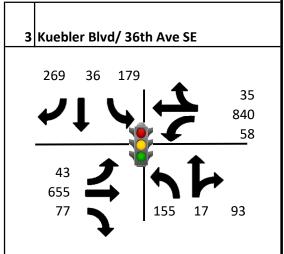


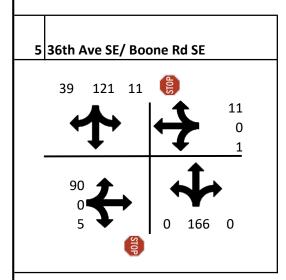


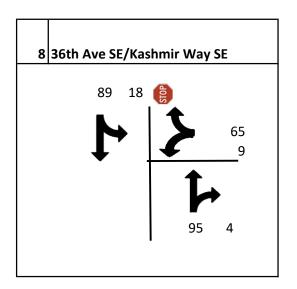












Existing Operating Conditions

Existing traffic operations at the study intersections were evaluated for the AM and PM peak hours. The estimated operational results of each study intersection are shown in **Table 5** and is based on the 2000 Highway Capacity Manual¹ methodology for signalized intersections and 2016 Highway Capacity Manual methodology² for unsignalized intersections. **Appendix C** provides detailed reports summarizing these results. Traffic volumes for all study intersections, except 36th Ave SE/ Kashmir Way SE, are developed by applying a one percent annual growth rate to counts from November 19 and 20, 2019. Volumes for 36th Ave SE/Kashmir Way SE are based on counts collected on November 9, 2021. All study intersections meet existing mobility standards except for Kuebler Blvd at the I-5 NB ramps, I-5 SB ramps, and 36th Ave SE.

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No.	Intersection	Traffic Control	Operating Standard	AM Peak Hour	P.M. Peak Hour			
1	I-5 SB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd	Signalized	V/C 0.85	V/C 0.89	V/C 0.95			
2	I-5 NB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd	Signalized	V/C 0.85	V/C 0.96	V/C 0.71			
3	Kuebler Blvd/ 36 th Ave SE	Signalized	LOS E, V/C 0.90	LOS F, V/C 1.14	LOS F, V/C 1.01			
5	36 th Ave SE/ Boone Rd SE	Unsignalized (Two way stop)	LOS E	LOS B (EBL)	LOS C (EBL)			
8	36 th Ave SE/Kashmir Way SE	Unsignalized (Two way stop)	LOS E	LOS A (WBL)	LOS A (WBL)			

Table 5: 2021 Existing Intersection Operations

Locations exceeding mobility standards are shown with bold/italicized

Crash Analysis

The five most recent years of crash records (Jan 1, 2015- Dec 31, 2019) for the study area were obtained from Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT's) online database. A copy of these records is provided in **Appendix D**. Crashes identified by ODOT as intersectional for the two cross streets were included in the analysis.

Crash rates are calculated for the five existing study intersections and compared with ODOT's 90th percentile crash rates from Exhibit 4-1 of ODOT's Analysis Procedures Manual (APM). All intersections have crash rates below their comparable 90th percentile crash rates except for the intersection of 36th Ave SE/ Boone Rd SE. This indicates that this study intersection experiences more crashes than would be expected when compared to a similar reference population throughout Oregon.

V/C = Volume-to-Capacity Ratio of Worst Movement

LOS = Level of Service of Worst Movement

¹ 2000 Highway Capacity Manual, Transportation Research Board, Washington DC, 2000

² Highway Capacity Manual 6th Edition: A Guide for Multimodal Mobility Analysis, Transportation Research Board, Washington DC, 2016.

Table 6: Crash Rate Analysis

No.	Intersection	AADT	5 Year Crash Total (2015-2019)	Crash Rate	Intersection Type	90 th Percentile Crash Rate
1	I-5 SB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd	38,560	31	0.44	4SG	0.86
2	I-5 NB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd	29,490	14	0.32	4SG	0.86
3	Kuebler Blvd/ 36 th Ave SE	24,080	19	0.432	4SG	0.86
5	36 th Ave SE/ Boone Rd SE	4,360	4	0.503	3ST	0.293
8	36 th Ave SE/Kashmir Way SE	2,800	0	0	3ST	0.293

Note: AADT is estimated using the industry standard of practice that the intersection PM Peak Hour traffic is approximately 10% of the AADT. The PM Peak Hour traffic used reflects raw counts.

Locations exceeding 90th percentile crash rate are shown with bold/italicized

^{**} Location does not exist in state database

CHAPTER 3: BACKGROUND TRAFFIC

Construction of the proposed planned development is expected to begin in 2023 and be completed in 2025. To account for traffic growth a 1.0% growth rate was used to forecast the existing traffic volumes to future background traffic volumes on roads within the study area. This is consistent with other TIA's recently completed in the area, including Costco which is located nearby. In process volumes from Phase 1 of the development, which was previously approved and includes 210 units of Multi-Family Mid-Rise approved by the City under CU-SPR-ADJ-DAP-DR21-02, and Costco are included in the background traffic volumes. Background traffic volumes are show in **Figures 4 and 5**.

Background Intersection Operations

Background traffic operations at the study intersections were determined based on the 2016 Highway Capacity Manual methodology³ for unsignalized intersections and the 2000 Highway Capacity Manual methodology for signalized intersections⁴. The estimated operations of each study intersection are shown in **Table 7**. **Appendix E** provides detailed reports summarizing these results. All study intersections meet existing mobility standards except for Kuebler Blvd at the I-5 NB ramps, I-5 SB ramps, and 36th Ave SE.

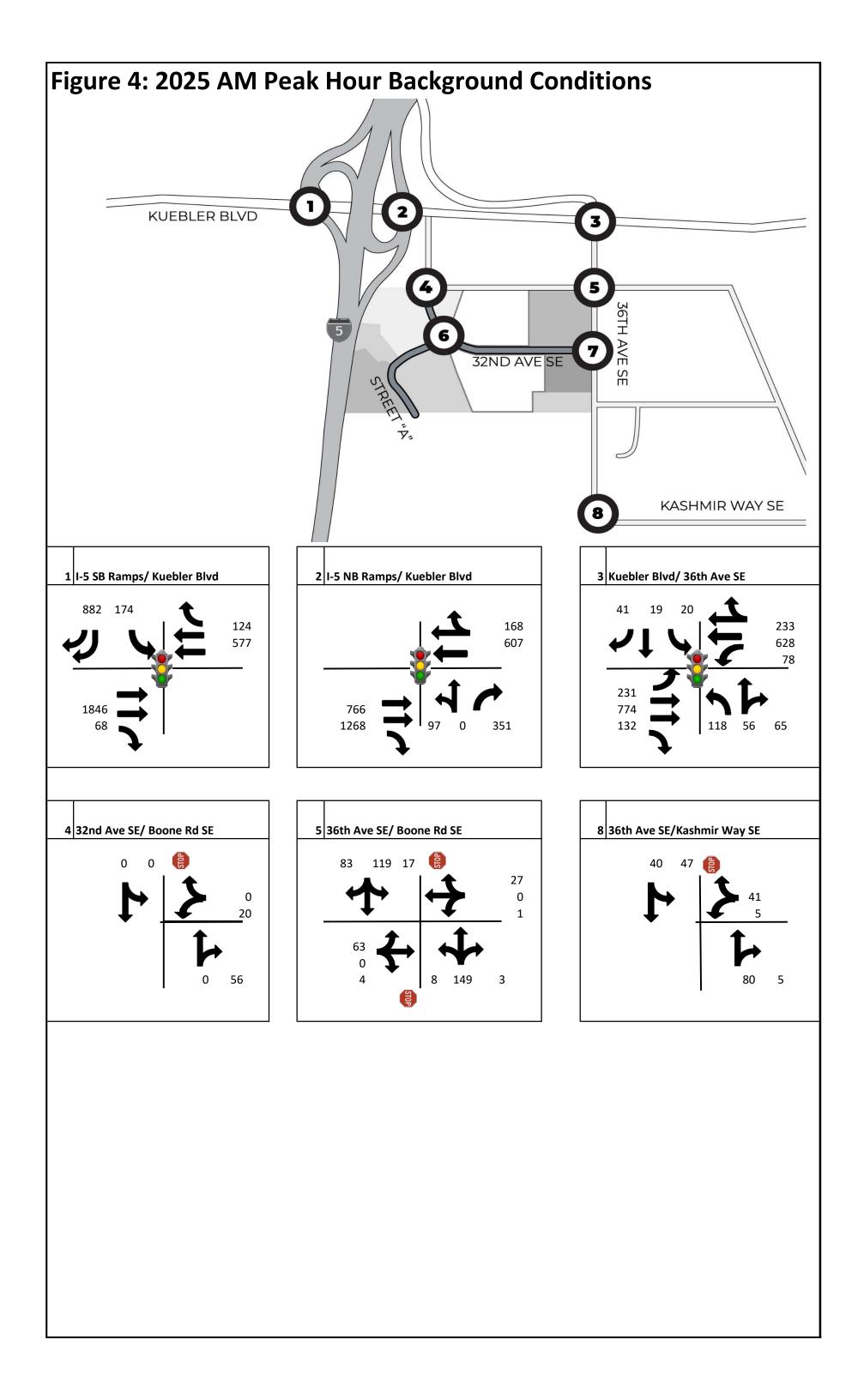
³ Highway Capacity Manual 6th Edition: A Guide for Multimodal Mobility Analysis, Transportation Research Board, Washington DC, 2016.

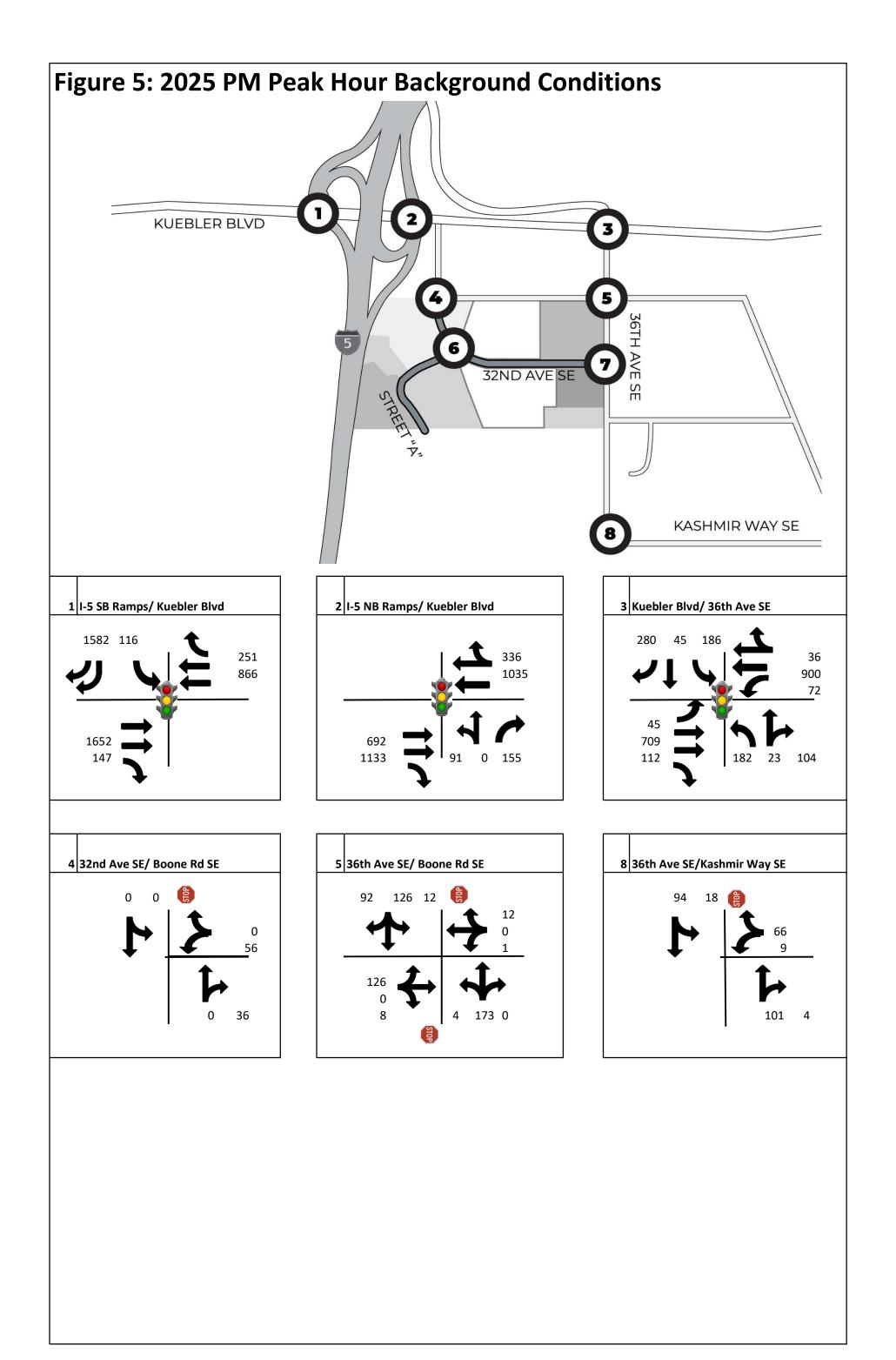
⁴ 2000 Highway Capacity Manual, Transportation Research Board, Washington DC, 2010. Enloe Consulting, LLC

Table 7: 2025 Background Intersection Operations

No.	Intersection	Intersection Traffic Operating Control Standard AM Peak Hou		AM Peak Hour	P.M. Peak Hour			
1	I-5 SB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd	Signalized	V/C 0.85	V/C 0.95	V/C 1.17			
2	I-5 NB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd	Signalized	V/C 0.85	V/C 1.01	V/C 0.88			
3	Kuebler Blvd/ 36 th Ave SE	Signalized	LOS E, V/C 0.90	LOS F, V/C 1.23	LOS F, V/C 1.10			
4	32 nd Ave SE/ Boone Rd SE	Unsignalized (Two way stop)	LOS E	LOS A (WBL)	LOS A (WBL)			
5	36 th Ave SE/ Boone Rd SE	Unsignalized (Two way stop)	LOS E	LOS B (EBL)	LOS C (EBL)			
8	36 th Ave SE/Kashmir Way SE	Unsignalized (Two way stop)	LOS E	LOS A (WBL)	LOS A (WBL)			

V/C = Volume-to-Capacity Ratio of Worst Movement LOS = Level of Service of Worst Movement





CHAPTER 4: PROJECT IMPACTS

This chapter reviews the impacts that the proposed development would have on the study area transportation system. The focus of the impact analysis is on the following study intersections:

- 1 I-5 SB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd
- 2 I-5 NB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd
- 3 Kuebler Blvd/ 36th Ave SE
- 4 32nd Ave SE/ Boone Rd SE (future connection)
- 5 36th Ave SE/ Boone Rd SE
- 6 32nd Ave SE/ Street "A" (future connection)
- 7 32nd Ave SE/ 36th Ave SE (future connection)
- 8 36th Ave SE/Kashmir Way SE

Trip Generation

Trip generation is used to estimate the number of vehicle trips added to the roadway network by a development during a specified period. In this case, the AM and PM peak hour periods are studied. Trip generation estimates are established using data and methodology provided by the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE).⁵

Trip generation values for the proposed development are estimated using the ITE Trip Generation Manual, 10th Edition. Multi-Family Mid-Rise (221) is used to estimate trips for the planned apartments. Multi-Family Low-Rise is used to estimate trips for the planned townhomes. The development will also include a mix of Business Park (770) and Industrial Park (130), and Self-Storage (Mini Warehouse [151]). Trip generation values are provided in **Table 8**.

⁵ *Trip Generation, 10th Edition,* Institute of Transportation Engineers, 2017. Enloe Consulting, LLC

Table 8: Trip Generation Summary

		Time	Pe	ak Hour Tı	rips	
Land Use	Unit of Measure	Period	In	Out	Total	
Multi-Family Mid-Rise (221)	210 Dwelling Units	AM Peak	18	52	71	
Multi-Family Low-Rise (220)	62 Dwelling Units	AM Peak	7	23	30	
Business Park (770)	75,000 SQFT	AM Peak	92	16	108	
Industrial Park (130)	115,000 SQFT	AM Peak	37	9	46	
Mini Warehouse (151)	60,000 SQFT	AM Peak	4	2	6	
	AM PEAK HOUR TRIPS					
Multi-Family Mid-Rise (221)	210 Dwelling Units	PM Peak	55	35	90	
Multi-Family Low-Rise (220)	62 Dwelling Units	PM Peak	25	14	39	
Business Park (770)	75,000 SQFT	PM Peak	30	84	114	
Industrial Park (130)	115,000 SQFT	AM Peak	10	36	46	
Mini Warehouse (151)	60,000 SQFT	PM Peak	5	5	10	
	TOTAL PM	PEAK HOUR	125	174	299	

Trip Cap Analysis

The project site area has a trip cap associated with it from a previous zone change. The zone change trip cap is compared to approved development and proposed development for the project site in **Table 9.**

Table 9: Project Site Trip Cap Summary

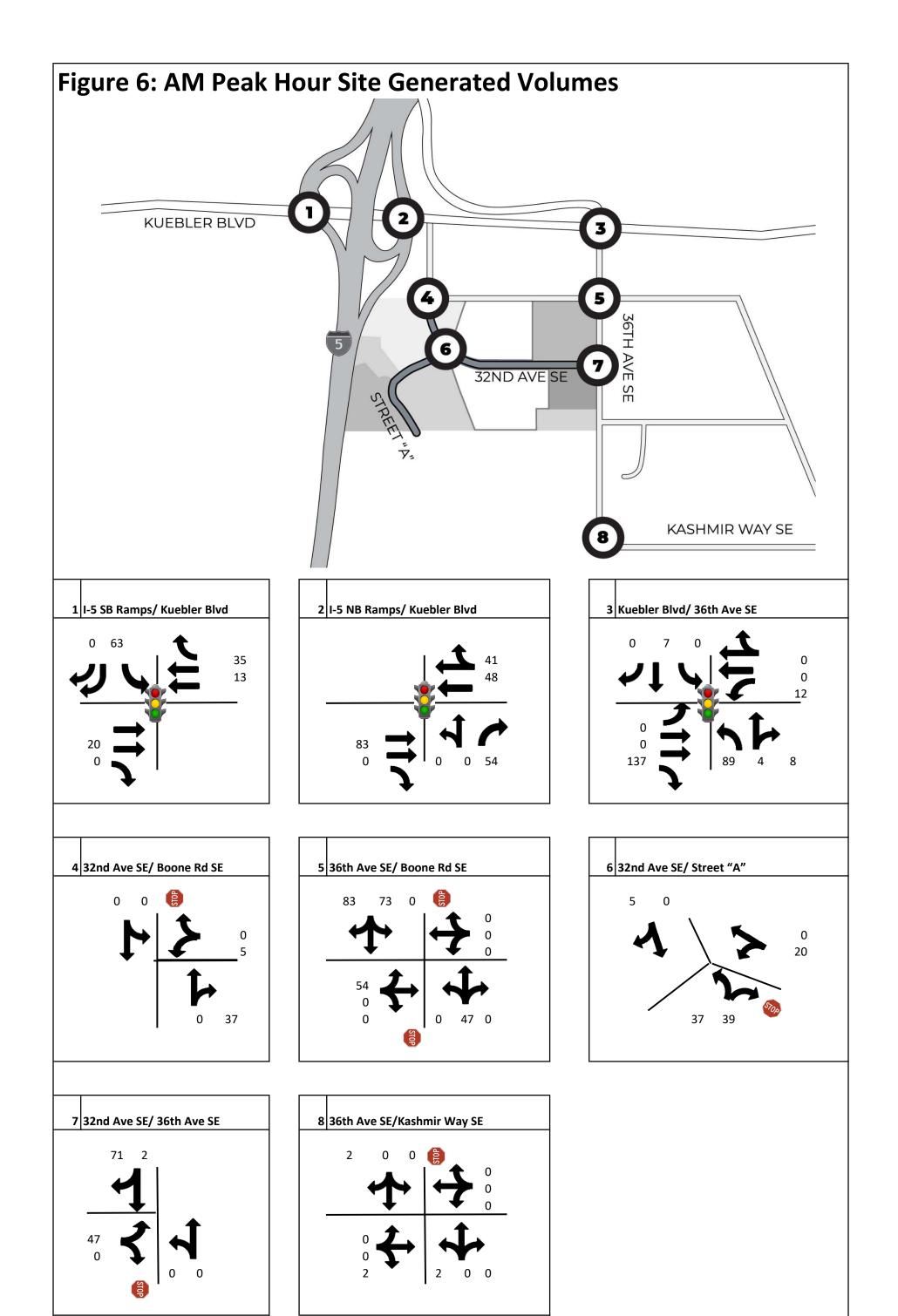
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Scenario	Land Use Summary	Daily Trips	AM Peak Hour Trips	PM Peak Hour Trips
Zone Change Trip (Сар	12,916	N/A	1,314
Phase 1	210 units of Multi-Family Mid-Rise (ITE Code 210)	1,142	76	92
Phase 2	210 units of Multi-Family Mid-Rise (ITE Code 210) 62 units of Multi-Family Low-Rise (ITE Code 220) 75,000 SQFT of Business Park (ITE Code 770) 115,000 SQFT of Industrial Park (ITE Code 130) 60,000 SQFT of Mini Warehouse (ITE Code 151)	3,561	261	299
Residual Trips for F	uture Development	8,213	N/A	923

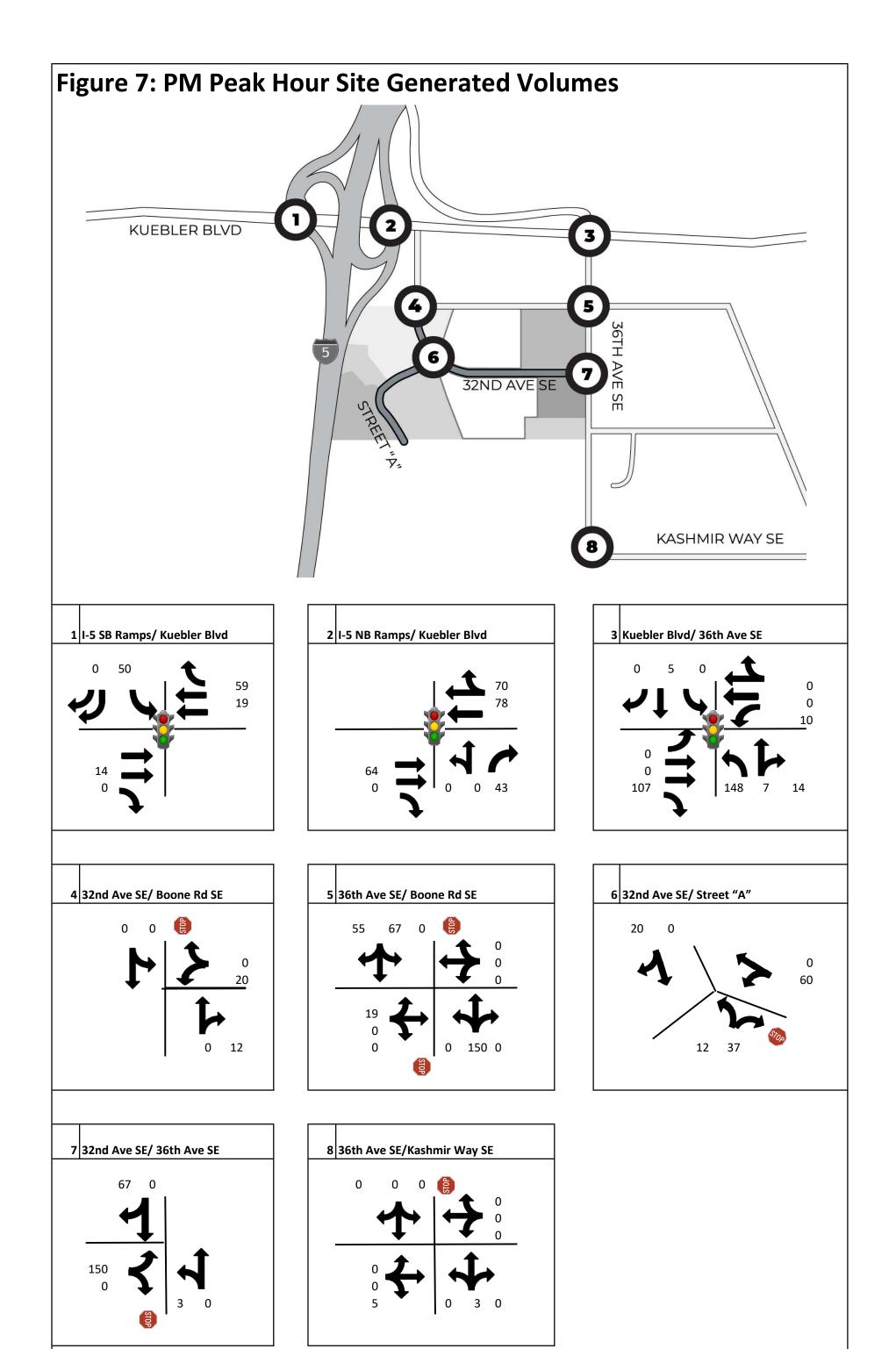
Trip Distribution

Trip distribution provides an estimation of where trips from the development originate and end on the study area network. This is represented as percentages where large portions of the trips generated enter and exit the project study area. The trip distribution percentages are based off travel demand model outputs from MWCOG. These include:

- 40% north on I-5
- 34% south on I-5
- 12% west on Kuebler Blvd
- 8% east on Kuebler Blvd
- 4% north on 36th Ave SE
- 2% south on 36th Ave SE

Site generated trips are distributed on the network as shown in **Figures 6 and 7**.





Future Traffic Volumes with the Proposed Development

The estimated trips associated with the proposed development are added to the background volumes to estimate the total traffic scenario traffic volumes. **Figure 8 and Figure 9** show the 2025 total traffic volumes used for the opening year analysis.

Table 10 lists the study intersection total traffic operating conditions for the AM and PM peak hours. Traffic operations at the study intersections were determined for the peak hours based on the 2016 Highway Capacity Manual methodology⁶ for unsignalized intersections and the 2000 Highway Capacity Manual methodology for signalized intersections⁷. **Appendix F** provides detailed reports for the operational results. All study intersections meet existing mobility standards except for Kuebler Blvd at the I-5 NB ramps, I-5 SB ramps, and 36th Ave SE.

Table 10: 2025 Total Intersection Operations (with Project)

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No.	Intersection	Traffic Control	Operating Standard	AM Peak Hour	P.M. Peak Hour				
1	I-5 SB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd	Signalized	V/C 0.85	V/C 0.97	V/C 1.18				
2	I-5 NB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd	Signalized	V/C 0.85	V/C 1.05	V/C 0.88				
3	Kuebler Blvd/ 36 th Ave SE	Signalized	LOS E, V/C 0.90	LOS F, V/C 1.32	LOS F, V/C 1.13				
4	32 nd Ave SE/ Boone Rd SE	Unsignalized (Two way stop)	LOS E	LOS A (WBL)	LOS A (WBL)				
5	36 th Ave SE/ Boone Rd SE	Unsignalized (Two way stop)	LOS E	LOS C (EBL)	LOS D (EBL)				
6	32 nd Ave SE/ Street "A"	Unsignalized (Two way stop)	LOS E	LOS A (EBL)	LOS A (EBL)				
7	32 nd Ave SE/ 36 th Ave SE	Unsignalized (Two way stop)	LOS E	LOS B (EBL)	LOS B (EBL)				
8	36 th Ave SE/Kashmir Way SE	Unsignalized (Two way stop)	LOS E	LOS A (WBL)	LOS A (WBL)				

V/C = Volume-to-Capacity Ratio of Worst Movement

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⁶ Highway Capacity Manual 6th Edition: A Guide for Multimodal Mobility Analysis, Transportation Research Board, Washington DC, 2016.

⁷ 2000 Highway Capacity Manual, Transportation Research Board, Washington DC, 2010. Enloe Consulting, LLC

Mitigation Considerations

Three intersections are expected to fail target mobility standards in the 2025 AM and PM total traffic scenarios. These include:

- 1) I-5 SB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd
- 2) I-5 NB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd
- 3) Kuebler Blvd/36th Ave SE

Table 11 summarizes intersection operations at locations not meeting mobility standards.

Table 11: Summary of Intersections Not Meeting Mobility Standards

No.	Intersection	Operating	AM Peak Hour		P.M. Peak Hour		Proportional
	Intersection	Standard	Background	Total	Background	Total	Share
1	I-5 SB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd	V/C 0.85	V/C 0.95	V/C 0.97	V/C 1.17	V/C 1.18	0.9%
2	I-5 NB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd	V/C 0.85	V/C 1.01	V/C 1.05	V/C 0.88	V/C 0.88	17.5%
3	Kuebler Blvd/ 36 th Ave SE	LOS E, V/C 0.90	LOS F, V/C 1.23	LOS F, V/C 1.32	LOS F, V/C 1.10	LOS F, V/C 1.13	0%

V/C = Volume-to-Capacity Ratio of Worst Movement

Proportional share is calculated based on site generated trips added to the critical movement(s)

Kuebler Blvd/ I-5 SB Ramp

In the AM scenarios, the SBR and the EBT through are both critical movements. The SBR is the critical movement in the PM scenarios. A proportional analysis based on the critical movements of EBT and SBR show the project contributes zero trips to the SBR movement, and 20 trips (1%) to the EBT AM peak hour and 14 trips (0.8%) to the EBT PM peak hour. The average of these two scenarios is 0.9%. These contributions are relatively minor. At this time additional mitigations at this location related to the project are not recommended.

Kuebler Blvd/ I-5 NB Ramp

For the intersection with the I-5 NB Ramp, the EBR and NBR are the critical movements in the AM scenarios. In the PM scenarios, the EBR is the critical movement and the NBR does not see as much demand. A proportional analysis based on the critical movements of EBR and NBR show the project contributes zero trips to the EBR movement, and 54 (13.3%) to the NBR AM peak hour and 14 (21.7%) to the NBR PM peak hour. The average of these two scenarios is 17.5%.

Adding dual NBR turn lanes would reduce the V/C ratio for the NBR movement significantly to where it is no longer a critical movement. To bring the intersection back to within mobility standards, the EBR still needs to be mitigated and would require a much more involved design and evaluation process than can be accomplished by the scope of this TIA.

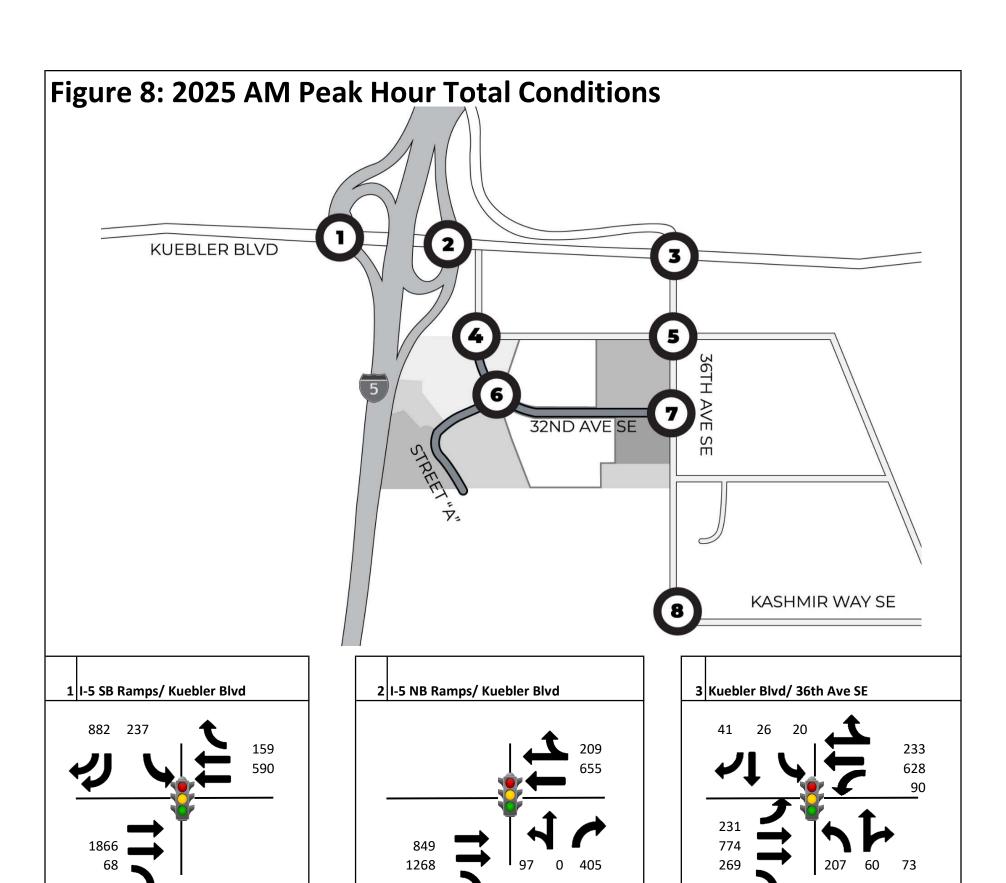
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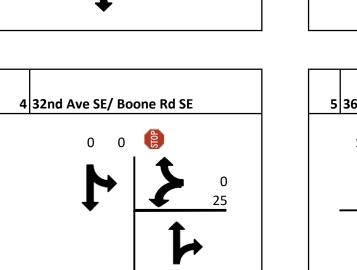
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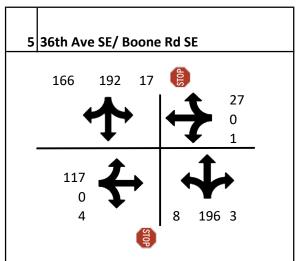
Kuebler Blvd/ 36th Ave SE

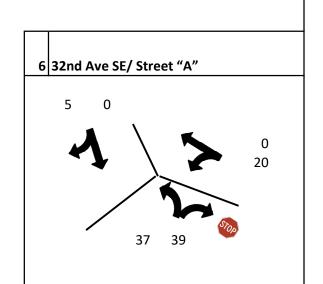
The City has a planned capacity improvement projects identified in the Regional Transportation Plan (RTSP ID S110 and S287), as well as the City's Transportation System Plan (TSP ID 134). The project would widen of Kuebler Blvd to four travel lanes from I-5 to the Hwy 22 overpass. When constructed, the intersection of Kuebler Blvd/36th Ave SE is expected to operate at a V/C of 0.89 (LOS F) in the AM peak hour and V/C of 0.83 (LOS E) in the PM peak hour, which puts it nearly back within operational standards.

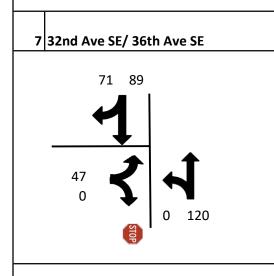
Review of the intersection under it's current configuration shows the critical movements of the intersection are the eastbound through (V/C of 1.47) and the westbound through (V/C of 1.71). Neither of these movements experience an increase in traffic volumes from site generated trips, which make the proportional contribution of this project zero.

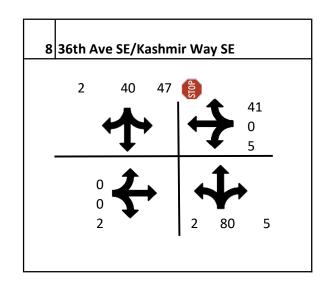


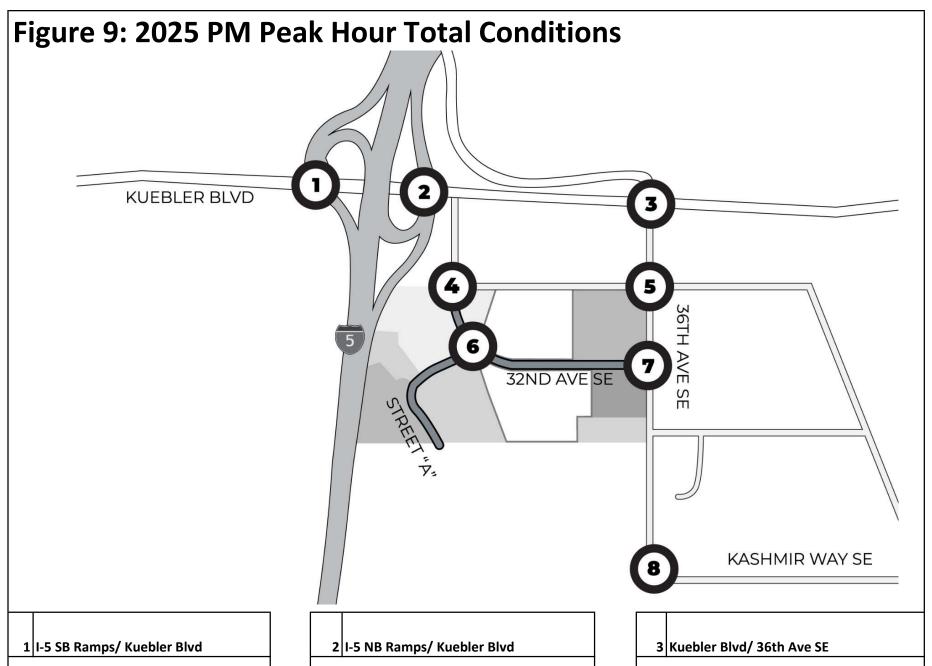


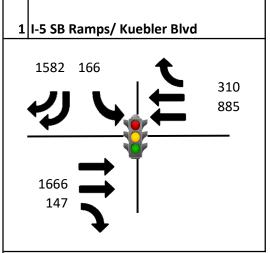


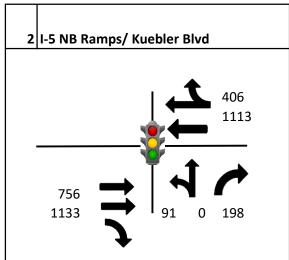


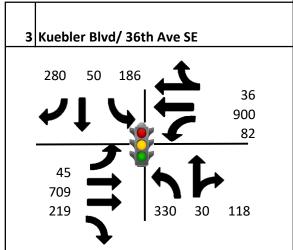


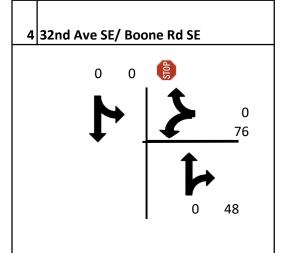


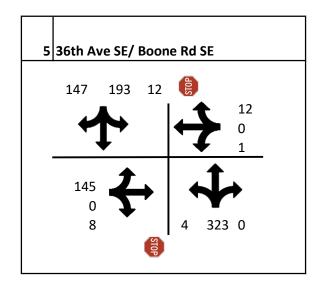


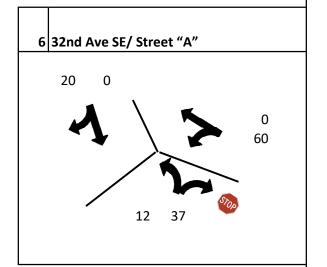


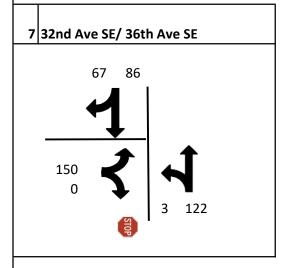


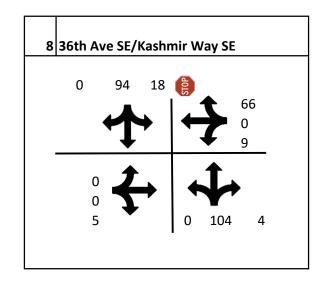












Vehicle Queuing Analysis

The City of Salem requires a queuing analysis be included in any traffic impact analysis to account for queuing on the roadway network. **Table 12** lists the anticipated queuing at the study intersections. Queues are reported at the 95th percentile using Synchro SimTraffic. The model is calibrated using the ODOT Analysis Procedures Manual (APM) SimTraffic guidance.

The queuing analysis shows that all intersections can operate within their available turn lane storage, except for the intersection of Kuebler Blvd/ 36th Ave SE. At this location, the following movements exceed their available storage:

- Northbound left
- Southbound left
- Southbound right
- Eastbound left
- Eastbound right
- Westbound left

These turning movements exceed their available storage in both the 2025 Background and 2025 Total conditions. In addition, there is relatively minor change in the length of queues between the 2025 Background and 2025 Total conditions.

Table 12: Vehicle Queuing Analysis

Na	Internación o	Mayamant	Available	95 th Percentile Queue (ft) (AM/PM)		
No.	Intersection	Movement	Storage (ft)	2025 Background	2025 Total Traffic	
1	I-5 SB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd	SBL	>1,000	245/560	320/520	
1	1-3 36 Kampsy Kuebier Bivu	SBR	>1,000	305/695	325/740	
2	I-5 NB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd	NBR	200	190/180	190/170	
		NBL	200	195/ 215	230/220	
	Kuebler Blvd/ 36 th Ave SE	SBL	125	65/ 185	60/ 190	
3		SBR	125	75/ 190	70/ 195	
		EBL	375	480 /255	475 /100	
		EBR	>1,000	2,240/2,135	2,045/2,000	
		WBL	250	265 /240	285 /235	
4	32 nd Ave SE/ Boone Rd SE	WBL/T/R	>1,000	40/50	45/55	
5	36 th Ave SE/ Boone Rd SE	EBL/T/R	>1,000	55/70	85/610	
3	30 Ave 3L/ Bootle Ru 3L	WBL/T/R	>1,000	65/40	55/45	
6	32 nd Ave SE/ Street "A"	EBL/R	100	N/A	55/55	
7	32 nd Ave SE/ 36 th Ave SE	EBL/T/R	>1,000	N/A	55/70	
8	36 th Ave SE/Kashmir Way SE	WBL/T/R	>1,000	75/50	70/60	

Locations exceeding available storage by more than 10 feet are shown with **bold/italicized** Values are rounded to the nearest increment of 5

Key Findings

Key findings associated with the proposed development include the following items:

- The proposed development would generate 261 (158 in, 103 out) AM peak hour trips and 299 (125 in, 174 out) PM peak hour vehicle trips.
- All study intersections are expected to operate within mobility standards with the addition of the proposed site for the 2025 opening year, with the exceptions of:
 - o I-5 SB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd
 - o I-5 NB Ramps/ Kuebler Blvd
 - Kuebler Blvd/ 36th Ave SE

These intersections fail to meet mobility standards under existing and background conditions as well as with build out of the proposed development.

All study intersections will function within their available turn lane storage for the planned opening year with the proposed development, except for the intersection of Kuebler Blvd/ 36th Ave SE. At this location, the following movements exceed available storage: NBL, SBL, SBR, EBL, EBR, WBL. It is important to note that these movements fail in both the background (without the development) and total (with development) conditions, and that there is relatively minor changes in the length of queues between the background conditions and with the development.